## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1-19. (canceled)

- 20. (currently amended) <u>Porous A porous</u> silicon-based catalytic system substantially free from catalytic metal, and having comprising:
- $\underline{i)}$  an average pore diameter comprised between about 1 nm and about 5 nm[[,]];
- $\underline{\text{ii)}}$  an acidity level of between about 150 µmol/g and about 650 µmol/g, and prepared from
- $\underline{\text{iii)}}$  at least one hydrolysable silicon-based compound[[,]] or other source of silicon, and
- <u>iv)</u> at least one non-ionic surface active agent, and wherein the concentration of the non-ionic surface active agent in the <u>a</u> catalyst preparation medium for preparing the silicon-based catalytic system is in the range of 15 to 25 wt % by weight of the catalyst preparation medium.
- 21. (currently amended) Catalytic The catalytic system according to claim 20, consisting essentially of

aluminosilicates, borosilicates, zirconio-aluminosilicates or boro-aluminosilicates.

- 22. (currently amended) Catalytic A catalytic system according to claim 1, consisting essentially of aluminosilicate, and having one or more of the following characteristics taken alone or in combination:
- a. [[the]]  $\underline{an}$  average pore diameter is comprised between about 1 nm and about 5 nm;
- b. [[the]] <u>an</u> acidity level is comprised between about 300  $\mu$ mol/g and about 500  $\mu$ mol/g;
  - c. [[the]] an Si/AI molar ratio is of about 15; and
- d. the preparation of [[which]] said catalyst system involves at least one hydrolysable silicon-based compound, or other source of silicon, and at least one non-ionic surface active agent.
- 23. (currently amended) Catalytic The catalytic system according to claim 20, consisting essentially of an aluminosilicate having a Si/AI molar ratio comprised between about 5 and about 40, preferably about 10 and about 20.
- 24. (currently amended) Catalytic The catalytic system according to claim 23 wherein the Si/AI molar ratio is about 15.

- 25. (currently amended) Process A process for the conversion of a light olefin feedstock into oligomer paraffins[[,]] having from about 10 to about 20 carbon atoms, characterised in that it comprises comprising the following reaction steps:
- a) a step wherein said olefin feedstock is contacted with a porous silicon-based catalytic system having an average pore diameter of between about 1 nm and about 5 nm and an acidity level of between about 150 µmol/g and about 650 µmol/g, and prepared from at least one hydrolysable silicon-based compound[[,]] or other source of silicon, and at least one non-ionic surface active agent;
- b) a step wherein the reaction is run at a temperature ranging from about 100 C to about 350 C, and at a pressure comprised between about 0.5 MPa and about 7 MPa; and
- c) a step of removing and collecting the final products are removed from the reaction medium and collected.
- 26. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, for the conversion of a light olefin feedstock into wherein the oligomer paraffins belonging to the are diesel fractions having a [[(]]boiling point 180-350 C[[)]].
- 27. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is chosen from aluminosilicate,

zirconiosilicate, borosilicate, phosphosilicate, phosphoaluminosilicate, boro-aluminosilicate and zirconio-aluminosilicate based materials.

- 28. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is chosen from aluminosilicate, borosilicate, aluminoborosilicate and aluminozirconiosilicate based materials.
- 29. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material.
- 30. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material having a Si/AI molar ratio of between about 5 and about 40, preferably about 10 and about 20.
- 31. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material having a Si/AI molar ratio of about 15.

- 32. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system has an acidity level comprised between about 300  $\mu$ mol/g and about 500  $\mu$ mol/g.
- 33. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the catalytic system comprises an aluminosilicate-based porous catalytic support, prepared with a non-ionic surface-active agent, and optionally at least one catalytic material with one or more of the following characteristics taken alone or in combination:
- [[the]]  $\underline{an}$  Si/AI molar ratio is comprised between about 5 and about 40, preferably about 10 and about 35;
- [[the]]  $\underline{an}$  average diameter of the pores has a value from about 1 nm to about 5 nm;
- the catalytic material optionally comprises one or more metals chosen from platinum and rhodium, alone or in mixtures, in an overall amount of between 0.05 % and 5 % by weight, and more preferably between 0.1 % and 2 % by weight of the catalytic support;
- [[the]]  $\underline{an}$  acidity level  $\underline{is}$  comprised between about 300  $\mu mol/g$  and about 500  $\mu mol/g$ ; and

- optionally one or more metals chosen from platinum and rhodium, alone or in mixtures, in an overall amount of between 0.05 % and 5 % by weight of the catalytic support.

- 34. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material prepared from at least one non-ionic surface-active agent and having a Si/AI molar ratio of 15.
- 35. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous catalytic system is substantially free from further catalytic metal.
- 36. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the porous catalytic system further comprises one or more catalytic metals chosen from groups 8,9 and 10 of the periodic classification of the elements.
- 37. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the porous catalytic system further comprises one or more catalytic metals chosen from nickel, rhodium, and platinum.
- 38. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the porous catalytic

system further comprises one or more metals chosen from rhodium and platinum.

- 39. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the amount of metal(s) is comprised between 0.01 % and 10 % by weight of the porous support, preferably between 0.05 % and 5 % by weight, and more preferably between 0.1 % and 2 % by weight.
- 40. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material prepared from at least one non-ionic surface-active agent and having a Si/AI molar ratio of 15 and comprising 0.2 % of rhodium.
- 41. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material prepared from at least one non-ionic surface-active agent and having a Si/AI molar ratio of 15 and comprising 0.2% of platinum.
- 42. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 36, characterised in that wherein the catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material prepared from at least one non-ionic surface-active agent and having a Si/AI molar

ratio of 15 and comprising 0.2 % by weight of a mixture  $\frac{15}{100}$  rhodium/platinum in a 3/1 molar ratio.

- 43. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein said light olefin feedstock comprises alkenes or mixtures of alkenes, in all proportions, chosen from among  $C_2$ - $C_6$  alkenes or any olefin-comprising hydrocarbon mixtures.
- 44. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 43, characterised in that wherein said alkenes or mixtures of alkenes are chosen from among ethene, propene, butenes (i. e. all linear or branched butene isomers: 1-butene, 2-butene, 2-methylpropene), pentenes (all linear or branched isomers) and hexenes (all linear or branched isomers).
- 45. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 43, characterised in that wherein said alkenes-or mixtures of alkenes are chosen from among  $C_4$  and  $C_5$  alkenes.
- 46. (currently Amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the reaction temperature is comprised between 100 °C and 350 °C, more preferably between about 200 °C and about 250 °C.

- 47. (currently amended) Process The process according to claim 25, characterised in that wherein the reaction pressure is comprised between 0.5 MPa and 7 MPa, preferably about 5 MPa.
- 48. (previously presented) Diesel fractions compounds substantially obtained by the process according to claim 25.
- 49. (new) A method for the conversion of a light olefin feedstock into oligomer paraffins having from about 10 to about 20 carbon atoms, comprising:

reacting a light olefin feedstock with a porous silicon-based catalytic system, wherein said porous silicon-based catalytic system has

- i) an average pore diameter of between about 1 nm and about 5 nm;
- ii) an acidity level of between about 150  $\mu$ mol/g and about 650  $\mu$ mol/g;
- iii) at least one hydrolysable silicon-based compound
  or other source of silicon; and

- 50. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the oligomer paraffins are diesel fractions with a boiling point 180-350 C.
- 51. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is chosen from aluminosilicate, zirconiosilicate, borosilicate, phosphosilicate, phosphosilicate, phosphosilicate, borosilicate and zirconio-aluminosilicate based materials.
- 52. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is chosen from aluminosilicate, borosilicate, boro-aluminosilicate and zirconio-aluminosilicate based materials.
- 53. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material.
- 54. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material having a Si/AI molar ratio of between about 5 and about 40, preferably about 10 and about 20.

- 55. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material having a Si/AI molar ratio of about 15.
- 56. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous silicon-based catalytic system has an acidity level of between about 300  $\mu$ mol/g and about 500  $\mu$ mol/g.
- 57. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the catalytic system further comprises an aluminosilicate-based porous catalytic support, prepared with a non-ionic surface-active agent, and optionally at least one catalytic material with one or more of the following characteristics taken alone or in combination:
- the Si/AI molar ratio is comprised between about 5 and about 40;
- the average diameter of the pores has a value from about 1 nm to about 5 nm;
- the catalytic material optionally comprises one or more metals chosen from platinum and rhodium, alone or in mixtures, in an overall amount of between  $0.05\ \%$  and  $5\ \%$  by weight of the catalytic support.
- 58. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the catalytic system is an aluminosilicate-based porous material

prepared from at least one non-ionic surface-active agent and having a Si/AI molar ratio of 15.

- 59. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous catalytic system is substantially free from further catalytic metal.
- 60. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous catalytic system further comprises one or more catalytic metals chosen from groups 8,9 and 10 of the periodic classification of the elements.
- 61. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous catalytic system further comprises one or more catalytic metals chosen from nickel, rhodium, and platinum.
- 62. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the porous catalytic system further comprises one or more metals chosen from rhodium and platinum.
- 63. (new) The method according to claim 49, wherein the amount of metal(s) is comprised between 0.01 % and 10 % by weight of the porous support.
  - 64. (new) The porous silicon-based catalytic system

according to claim 20, wherein said porous silicon-based catalytic system is obtained from a gel.

65. The method according to claim 49, wherein said porous silicon-based catalytic system is obtained from a gel.